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n Baxter&'s ecology-inspired Narkhamaze, cut into the grass at the Markham Museum, reflects our changing relationship to agriculture in the age of chemical fertilizers.

Works embody Markham's past and future

Installations nestle in a cluster of rescued heritage buildings, telling of the area's transformation from rural township to modern city

ROBERT EVERETT-GREEN

Picasso said his art was a sum of destructions. The same could be said of modern cities where visions of the future sometimes clear, often not - continually challenge and replace the built environments of the past

past. In Land | Slide Possible Futures, an ambitious show of installation art at Markham Museum, 30 artart at Markham Museum, 30 art-ists set out markers of a past we are already forgetting and a future we can't yet see. Janine Marchessault, the York University film and media studies professor who curated the exhibition, links it to Marshall McLuhan's notion of art as a probe that jars us into perceiving environments that feel normal but that may be far from natural. The show is well-situated, at a cluser of heritage buildings

The show is well-situated, at a cluster of heritage buildings in a designated greenbelt city of rapid demographic change, where land-based occupations are being displaced by high-tech jobs. Markham Museum is itself a symptom of displacement: Its 30 heiriage buildings were all rescued from development elsewhere and set down here in a village-like grouping.

But this particular village never existed: Its train station never welcomed travellers to this spot,

welcomed travellers to this spot, and its sawmill is actually an old barn building in which the museum installed vintage milling equipment. The grounds include a mini-golf course featuring small replicas of demolished local structures, as well as isolated display cases for items such as a length of stovepipe. Attractive and interesting as many of the buildings are, a whiff of Dada welcomed travellers to this spot,



Where do we go from here? by Jeff Thomas is installed on the side of a railway car. WILL PEMILIS

clings to the site.

lin this camp for architectural refugees, "site-specific" art is an elusive notion. The 30-odd art-works nestle insice their tempor-ary homes with varying degrees

ary homes with varying degrees of respect, engagment or alienation, while grapping for the big story that the Maakham urban adventure invites them to tell. The show's most haunting piece refuses to let us into its site at all. The video loops of Phil Hoffman's Slaugherhouse can only be seen by pering into a sealed shed through knotholes in the grey wood. His stories, buttressed by overlapping audio, in-

clude tales of his family's 30-year ctude tales of in staminy sign-year meatpacking business, and of a First Nations woman who pet-tioned Queen Victoria for the return of land taken from her. Hoffman's past is a place of hid-den or secret knowledge that you have to refer out like some or. have to prise out like a spy or

have to prise out like a spy or eavesdropper. Julie Nagam also digs for a buried past with singing our bones, home, installed in the museum's wagon shed, where a ghostly wigswam and audio loop of First Nations songs hint at all that was pushed aside by the wagons' owners. Jeff Thomas's Where do we go from here?, installed on the

side of a railway car, mashes up tourism and displacement in a series of large colour photo-graphs of a wooden Indian – no other term for it - posed at vari-ous rail stations, with captions such as "Are youfrom around here?"

Several artists focus nostalgical-Several artists locus nostalgical-ly on the hand skills and ingenu-ity of former times. Aron Louis Cohen's Markham Almanac docu-ments the creation of a pamphlet Cohen printed on an old letterpress with paper from flax he grew himself. Skyhill Collective's The Textured Structure is an unwinterized hu: made using

several old-time construction methods, and Frank Havermans's untilled metal sculpture pays homage to the hoist pulleys that keep it suspended from the side

keep it suspended from the side of a heritage barn.
Cohen's piece is also abouthow we've lost touch with the land and organic cycles, a tome deverly explored by lain Baxter& whimsical Markhamaze. This elaborate maze, cut into grass, allows you to cheat and make shortcuts. That one feature says so much about our whole relationship to acriculture in the age

so much about our whole rela-tionship to agriculture in the age of chemical fertilizers. Other artists invite us to engage with simulated nature, embedied by Gregory's Sun Suckers, bird-like gizmos by Ken Gregory that use energy collected in their solar-cell tails to produce cyborgean birdong. The so flower-shaped resin sculptures of Mark-David Hosale's Homunculus Agora (h.a.) use light, sound and sensors to mirric organic rhythms, while

use light, sound and sensors to mimic organic rhythms, while outlaining the shape of the greenbelt that runs through Markham. The most overtly urban pieces on display are Laura St. Pierre's Urban Vernacular, an arresting backlit image of an ad-hoc shelter in a parking lot, and Upper Village 2, a new pomo condo tower by Greenpark that looms ever the whole museum. The builking was going up as Marchessauk was planning her show, and she tried and failed to interest the developer in lending its surface for tried and failed to interest the de-veloper in lending its surface for video projections. Too bad - that brash exterior says more about the future of Markham than any of the works in the exhibition.

Land | Slide Possible Futures continues et Markham Museum through Oct. 14.